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Our first stop in Costa Rica was at La Paz Waterfall as we crossed the continental divide on our way to La Quinta de Sarapiquí, our lodge for the next two nights.



#### QUICK FACTS

# **ABOUT COSTA RICA**

#### GOVERNMENT

The Costa Rican government is democratic, with presidential elections every 4 years, and no standing army.

#### CURRENCY

While Costa Rica has its own currency (the Colón), US dollars are readily accepted throughout the country.

#### NATURE

Costa Rica is the leader in ecoturism and the proof is in their natural resources, with nearly 30% of all the land mass protected under national parks, wildlife refuges and forest preserves. The country hosts more than 5% of the world's biodiversity.

130 species of freshwater fish 175 species of amphibians 250 species of mammals 225 species of reptiles 894 species of birds 1,251 species of butterflies 8,000 species of moths 1,200 varieties of orchids 9,000 species of plants 34,000 species of insects

#### CLIMATE

Costa Rica's weather is fairly stable with humid and warm temperatures at sea level and pleasantly cold at higher elevations. Daily rain is almost guaranteed at lower elevations of both the Caribbean and Pacific slopes. The temperature during the day is about 85°F and humid in the lowland rainforest, and about 70° in the cloud forests at 9,000 feet elevation.

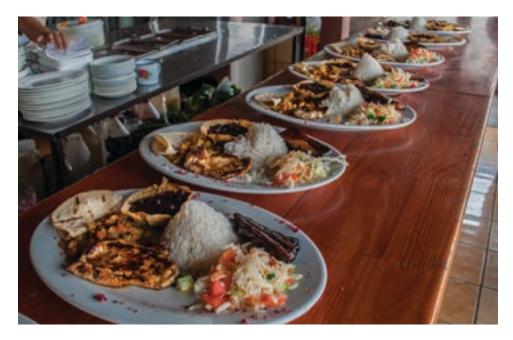
#### PEOPLE

Half of the 4.1 million people in the country live in the capital city of San José. The life expectancy is about 77 years, one of the highest in the world.

Ticos, as the locals call themselves, are among the friendliest and warmest people of Central America. Their saying "Pura Vida" translates to "pure life", a good way to summarize their happiness, their national patrimony and their living in harmony with nature.

#### FOOD

The typical breakfast consists of gallo pinto (black beans mixed with rice and cilantro), eggs and fresh fruits accompanied by coffee or freshly made juice of local fruits such as papaya, mango, pineapple or passion fruit. The typical lunch is called "casado", which again may include white rice, some kind of beans, meat (fish, chicken, beef or pork), flanked with vegetables and even a slice of local cheese. Fish is often served fried from head to tail with salad and patacones (smashed and fried green plantains)....delicious!!!







Passerini's Tanager



Coatimundi



Blue Trumpet Vine



Red-throated Ant-tanager



Young Gray-headed Chachalaca



Unknown Sp.



Black-cowled Oriole



Stauffer's Treefrog



Hooker's Hot Lips



Philodendron Sp.



Netted Stinkhorn Mushroom



Green Honeycreeper (male)

Jimye Russell

Reinier Munguía

La Quinta de Sarapiquí is a lodge nestled in the rainforest of the Caribbean lowlands and surrounded by the Río Sardinal. Large trees along the river provide a wildlife corridor for Howler Monkeys and a variety of birds including parrots and toucans. Bird feeders provided us with countless opportunities to capture beautiful birds attracted to a mix of bananas and papaya. The man-made ponds of the lodge were a great place to find frogs at night. In fact, our first photos were those of frogs and insects found during our first night hike.



Craugastor Sp.



Stauffer's Tree Frog





Green Basilisk



Central American Bullfrog



einier Munguía



# **CATARATAS DEL TORO**

The next morning we headed to Cataratas del Toro. The hike to the bottom of the waterfall was our most arduous hike in the whole trip, but very rewarding. Going down was easy, coming back up, not so much. The hummingbirds in this place were outstanding and so was Wil and his staff.



Jimye and Paula at one of the overlooks on the way down to the waterfall.



John braces his camera against an old fence post while shooting this magnificent waterfall.

Munguía

Reinier |



Located in the central mountains of Costa Rica, this 270 feet tall waterfall is part of an ancient volcanic crater. Four hundred steps later you reach the bottom to be engulfed by the noise and water spray.





#### **CATARATAS DEL TORO**

Besides shooting the waterfall, our goal was to capture two species of hummingbirds that were hard to find anywhere else, the Black-bellied and the Green Thorntail hummingbirds. The gardens here are teeming with Blue Porterweed, a flowering plant that attracts butterflies and hummers. Along the trails, you could also find various native tropical flowers typical of a medium elevation rainforest and exotics such as the Clock Vine (right) around the hummingbird gardens.



Green Thorntail Hummingbird







Coppery-headed Emerald

Lee Tavel



Black-bellied Hummingbird (male)



Violet Sabrewing Hummingbird



Black-bellied Hummingbird (female)



Green-crowned Brilliant

Shooting poison dart frogs requires patience and quick reflexes as the little buggers don't stay put in one place for long. Focusing on these tiny subjects tests your skills and your camera's ability to focus quickly. This was a great opportunity to practice macro photography and the use of flash.

Teamwork is essential to success when shooting these tiny frogs. Beverly was constantly following the frogs as they departed the shooting area.

# **POISON DART FROG SHOOT**



Green & Black Poison Dart Frog



The Green & Black Poison Dart Frog can be twice the size of the Strawberry Poison Dart Frog. Both inhabit the moist floor of the lowland rainforest.





their name from the poisonous skin secretions they produce. The Emberá, an indigenous people of Colombia, used the frogs' powerful poison to coat the tip of their blowgun darts used for hunting. It's believed the poison toxicity is the result of their diet composed of insects such as ants, termites and beetles which in turn obtain their own defenses from chemicals in the plants they consume.

Poison Dart Frogs gained

ee Tavel

#### **THE DIRT ROAD**

On our third day in Costa Rica, we went to explore the dirt roads near the lodge. We were hoping to find the Great Green Macaws, but instead we found a surplus of interesting wildlife, including our first encounter with Howler Monkeys and toucans.



**Red-lored Amazons** 



White-crowned Pionus



Grooved-billed Ani





Golden Mantled Howler Monkey

avel

Golden Mantled Howler Monkey



Red-legged Honeycreeper



Grayish Saltator

#### **BIRDS OF LA QUINTA**



Gray-headed Chachalaca



Lee Tavel

Green Honeycreeper



Blue-gray Tanager



Golden Hooded Tanager



Passerini's Tanager



White-collared Manakin (female)



Passerini's Tanager & Red-legged Honeycreeper



Chestnut-mandibled Toucan



Buff-throated Saltator



Malachite



Boat-billed Heron



Green Iguana



Crimson-collared Tanager



Green Honeycreeper (female)



Blue Morpho



Jimye Russel

White-throated Magpie Jay



Bill Kracov





The town of Fortuna was our second stop on a long journey through Costa Rica. Located in the foothills of the Arenal Volcano, this peaceful town is a busy tourist destination, perfect for outdoor adventures. Horseback riding, ziplining, hiking and white water rafting are some of the best attractions. Due to its proximity to an active volcano, there are several hot springs in the area. Here we had the opportunity to visit the Arenal Volcano National Park, The Frog Ponds at Arenal Oasis and the Danaus Nature Preserve.

#### Fortuna



Arenal Volcano is the main attraction at La Fortuna. Often covered with clouds, this volcano has a perfect cone.



The Arenal Volcano is an andesitic stratovolcano looming 5,385 feet high and with a nearly perfect cone. The crater is 460 feet wide. This is a young volcano, less than 7,500 years old, one of six active volcanoes in Costa Rica.



A Laughing Falcon welcomed our arrival to La Fortuna, giving us plenty of time to get photos.



Food is pretty good in town with a large variety of cuisines represented, including Italian, Chinese, Argentinian, and of course Costa Rican. The fresh fried tilapia was a hit at La Rana Roja restaurant. The watering hole was also well received by everyone. From Margaritas to Guaipiriñas, we all had a good time before heading for dinner at the lodge.

#### **AROUND THE LODGE**

On our first morning in La Fortuna, we got treated to a colorful show provided by toucans and aracaris.



Chestnut-mandible Toucan



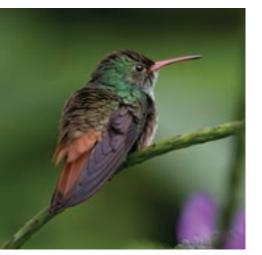
Collared Aracari



Long-tailed Tyrant



Collared Aracari



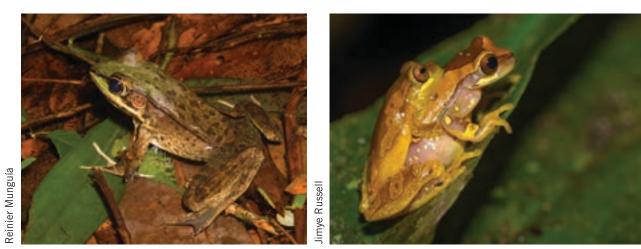
Rufous-tailed Hummingbird



Chestnut-mandibled Toucan



Male Red-eyed Tree Frog looking for a mate.



Vaillant's Frog

Hourglass Tree Frog in amplexus

#### **THE FROG POND**



Red-eyed Tree Frogs are the most iconic animals of the rainforest. These particularly bright colored frogs have an interesting life cycle and defenses. These frogs use sounds as well as vibrations to communicate. The males call for females during the rainy season from high branches near water. Once they find their mate, they embrace in amplexus for several hours until ovoposition occurs. Eggs are deposited on a broad leaf using a binding gel that keeps them moist. On average, the tadpoles hatch in 6-10 days if undisturbed, but they exhibit phenotypic plasticity, which allows them to leave the egg when attacked by predators. The developing tadpole can discern between the vibrations caused by water droplets and that of an approaching Cat-eyed Snake, which typically feeds on their eggs. The tadpoles' embryos in this picture are positioning themselves with their gills close to the area of the membrane that provides the best gas exchange.

#### **ARENAL VOLCANO NATIONAL PARK**



On this morning, we headed over to the Arenal Volcano National Park to check for Eye-lash Vipers and any other species. We walked Las Coladas trail and climbed the lava rocks to admire the view of the volcano and nearby Lake Arenal.



Blue & Green Grasshopper



Central American Whiptail





A view of Arenal Volcano from the end of the trail



Reinier Munguía

White-throated Magpie Jay

Eyelash Viper

Looking over Lake Arenal



# **DANAUS ECO RESERVE**

Danaus is a small private preserve on the outskirts of La Fortuna. The place is home to a good variety of wildlife including Agoutis, Sloths, Spectacled Caimans and a large variety of birds. They also have a really nice butterfly enclosure and an indigenous art gallery.



Shooting at the feeders.



Palm Tanager

Yellow-throated Euphonia



White-vented Euphonia



Olive-backed Euphonia



Leafcutter ants can be found almost anywhere in Costa Rica. They are considered the first farmers, as they grow their own fungus which they feed with freshly cut plant material. These ants live in highly advanced colonies divided into castes: minims, minors, mediae and majors. Each caste has a unique function inside the colony. Minims take care of the larvae and the fungus gardens and minors are the first line of defense along the harvesting trails. Mediae are the foragers that bring the leaf cuttings and the Majors are the large soldiers close to the mound. They also have a way to dispose of all waste created by the colony, which can host more than 8 million individuals. Besides humans, Leafcutters are the most complex animal society on Earth.

**Beverly Tavel** 



Unknown Butterfly

Reinier Munguía



Jimye Russell

Agouti



Great Kiskadee



Boat-billed Heron



Crimson-fronted Parakeets We found these two on our way to Tárcoles



Yellow-headed Caracara



Green Heron



Clay Robin (National Bird of Costa Rica)



Plumbeous Kite



Rose-throated Becard (female)



Scarlet Macaw



Streaked Flycatcher



Green Heron



Turquoise-browed Motmot



Rufous-naped Wren



Brown Basilisk



Yellow-Headed Caracara

The Tárcoles River is a magical place amid a fishing village and a cattle ranch. The river hosts the largest concentration of American Crocodiles in Costa Rica. From an early morning boat tour, one can easily spot dozens of macaws cruising the sky as they move from their roost in the mangroves to their feeding grounds in the mountains. This area is rich in raptors with some great finds such as the Yellow-headed Caracara, Black Hawk and the Plumbeous Kite.

#### **TÁRCOLES RIVER**



Crocodile with butterfly eyelashes

Tárcoles River from the boat

Tavel

These butterflies are males. They are sipping minerals from the tears of this crocodile. The minerals are essential nutrients for the production of sperm. The crocodiles here can be more than 15 feet long. The river provides lots of food in the form of fish and animals that drown during the tidal fluctuations.







Great Kiskadee

Green Iguana

Amazon Kingfisher

Lee Tavel

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# **TÁRCOLES RIVER**





Bare-throated Tiger Heron

Crested Caracara

Turquoise-browed Motmot



American Crocodile



Yellow-headed Caracara

Black Hawk



#### **CERRO LODGE**



Variegated Squirrel



Motmots belong to a family in the order Coraciiformes that includes the kingfishers, beeeaters and rollers, thus their habit of nesting underground. Both males and females have a racketed tail. A male with a longer tail increases its chances of finding a mate. Both birds will swing the tail in a pendulous fashion as a way to warn a possible predator that they have been seen and there's little chance for a successful capture.

Turquoise-browed Motmot



Turquoise-browed Motmot



Azure Cracker

#### **CERRO LODGE**

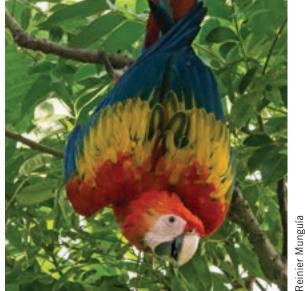


Rose-breasted Becard



Imperial Moth

**Bill Kracov** 



Blue-nosed Caterpillars



Cinnamon Hummingbird

Jimye Russell



Black Spiny Iguana



White-faced Capuchin



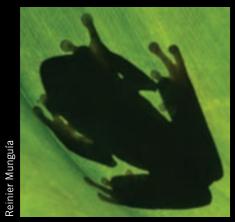
Ferruginous Pygmy Owl



Tamandua



Squirrel Monkeys



Hourglass Frog



Three-toed Sloth



Crab-eating Raccoon



Coatimundi



Fiery-billed Aracari



Orange-chinned Parakeet



Rosenberg's Gladiator Frog

Jimye Russell

Bill Kracov

Quepos is the gateway to the Manuel Antonio National Park, the crown jewel of the National Park system in Costa Rica and the most visited of all the parks. Nestled between the rocky outcrops of an ocean cove, the park is home to three of four species of monkeys in the country. Here you can get a closer look at the White-faced Capuchin, the Mantled Howler and the tiny Squirrel Monkey. The park also hosts a variety of birds, reptiles and crustaceans due to its proximity to fresh and saltwater. Coatis and Crab Eating Raccoons are common and both species of sloths can be found here along the trees that line the shoreline of some of the most beautiful beaches in Central America.

#### QUEPOS



Lee Tavel

Manuel Antonio Beach



Three-toed Sloth



White-faced Capuchin



Black Hawk anting

einier Munguía



Halloween Crab

John Russell

#### **MANUEL ANTONIO NATIONAL PARK**



Golden-mantled Howler Monkey



Grey-necked Wood Rail



Squirrel Monkey with Baby

Rosenberg's Gladiator Frog

Ctenosaur Iguana



# **BARÚ WILDLIFE REFUGE**

Barú is an 815 acre wildlife refuge located near Dominical. The coastal rainforest hosts a variety of wildlife including jaguars, ocelots and tapirs. On the beach trail, we found a large troop of White-faced Capuchins foraging through the almond trees. This reserve also contains a healthy population of sloths and we were lucky to find a Tamandua, a type of anteater that lives in the canopy.





Playa Dominical



Hundreds of caterpillars on this tree!



Inca Dove



Yellow-headed Gecko





Tamandua

Two-toed Sloth



Purple-crowned Fairy Hummingbird

Sloths are drowsy tree-dwellers, sleeping up to 15 hours a day. They are so slow that algae grows on their fur. This fur also hosts up to 300 species of moths that breed on the sloth's body. Threetoed sloths are strictly folivores (only eat leaves). Their stomach contains four pouches each holding food at different levels of digestion. It may take them a week to digest a single meal; therefore, they only go to defecate every other week. They use their stubby tail to dig a hole at the base of the tree. This in turn fertilizes the tree and ensures it is healthy for years to come.



Males have a beautiful patch on their backs.

# **BARÚ WILDLIFE REFUGE**



Three-toed Sloth

Reinier Munguía



Bill Kracov

Green Violet Ear



Long-tailed Silky Flycatcher



Fuschia Sp.



Golden-browed Chlorophonia



Flame-colored Tanager



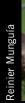
Blue-throated Toucanet



Acorn Woodpecker



Blue-gray Tanager



Silver-throated Tanager



Fiery-throated Hummingbird



Long-tailed Silky Flycatcher (juvenile)



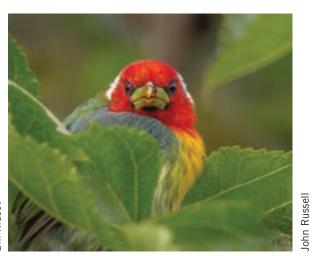
Rufous-naped Sparrow

Jimye Russell

Savegre is an idyllic place located at 7,000 feet on the Pacific slope of the Talamanca Mountains. No other place in Costa Rica is as colorful as Savegre. From the gardens to the birds, the flashes of colors are reminiscent of a painting. This is the home of the Resplendent Quetzal, the largest and most beautiful of the trogons. The sacred bird of the Mayans and the Aztec can be as long as three feet counting its tail. But Savegre hosts many other great birds, some of which are captured in the pages to follow.



Savegre River



Red-headed Barbet



SAVEGRE



Resplendent Quetzal

#### **SAVEGRE**



Sulphur-winged Parakeets



White-naped Brush Finch



Black-faced Solitaire



Flame-colored Tanager



Purple-throated Mountain Gem



Magnificent Hummingbird



Emerald Swift or Green Spiny Lizard



Acorn Woodpecker



#### **SAVEGRE**



Yellow-thighed Finch



Black & Yellow Silky Flycatcher

Reinier Munguía

Silver Throated Tanager



Torrent Tyranulet

#### **SAVEGRE**



White-throated Mountain Gem

At nearly 7,000 feet above sea level, Savegre is a paradise for bird lovers. Up to 10 species of hummingbirds can be seen around the gardens while tanagers make constant visits to the fruit feeders. Some other highlights included the Collared Redstar, the Slaty Flowerpiercer, a little bird that competes with hummingbirds for nectar, and the Blue-throated Toucanet. At Batsu Gardens we were able to photograph countless bird species and even fight a hungry Red-headed Barbet that kept photo-bombing the set.



Spangled-cheeked Tanager

Bill Kracov





Red-tailed Hawk

Fiery-throated Hummingbird

#### **MORE ADVENTURES**



Time for a wine run at the local super market.



The girls and the ox cart in Tárcoles Beach.



Dinner at Costa Linda Restaurant, Manuel Antonio.



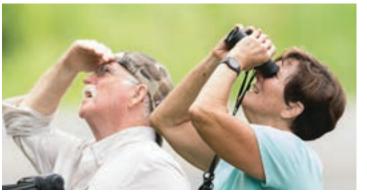
Jimye and John in paradise.



Feeding wild iguanas in Muelle de San Carlos.



Steve and Paula ziplining Barú National Wildlife Refuge near Dominical.



Jimye Russell

It's a bird...It's a plane...It's Superman!!! Not really, just a vulture.



Steve had his chance to jump in the ox cart.



John being attacked by a walking stick.

#### **MORE ADVENTURES**



Ready to Zipline through the rainforest at Barú!



Beverly stalking birds with her cellphone.



Heliconia leaf also know as poor-woman's umbrella.

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#### **PEOPLE**



Waiting for the rain to stop in Playa Espadilla.





Shooting birds at Bantú Gardens, Savegre.





Paula feeding iguanas.

Cemetery near San Miguel.

# Costa Rica 2017

John & Jimye Russell, Lee Dennis & Beverly Tavel, Steve & Paula Powell, William Kracov & Reinier Munguía

